

Elections Campaign Reform Committee

Filed: 10/25/2005

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09400SB1445ham001 LRB094 10955 JAM 49963 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1445 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1445 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following: "Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing 4 Sections 4-50, 5-50, 6-100, 17-9, 18A-15, 19-2.1, 19-8, 5 6 19A-25.5, 19A-35, 19A-50, 20-8, 24A-10, 24A-10.1, 24B-10, 24B-10.1, and 24C-13 and by adding Section 1A-35 as follows: 8 (10 ILCS 5/1A-35 new)Sec. 1A-35. Early and grace period voting education. 9 Subject to appropriation, the State Board of Elections must 10 develop and implement an educational program to inform the 11 public about early voting and grace period voting. The State 12 Board shall conduct the program beginning August 1, 2006, and 13 until the 2006 general election. 14 15 (10 ILCS 5/4-50) (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a 16 17 delayed effective date) 18 4-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority 19 20 shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and 21 for change of address during the period from the close of

registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day

before the primary or election. During this grace period, an

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unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. The election authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this

Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19. A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

27 (Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05.)

28 (10 ILCS 5/5-50)

29 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a 30 delayed effective date)

Sec. 5-50. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and

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for change of address during the period from the close of registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day before the primary or election. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. The election authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19. A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

31 (10 ILCS 5/6-100)

(Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05.)

32 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a delayed effective date)

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Sec. 6-100. Grace period. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code to the contrary, each election authority shall establish procedures for the registration of voters and for change of address during the period from the close of registration for a primary or election and until the 14th day before the primary or election. During this grace period, an unregistered qualified elector may register to vote, and a registered voter may submit a change of address form, in person in the office of the election authority or at a voter registration location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority. The election authority shall register that individual, or change a registered voter's address, in the same manner as otherwise provided by this Article for registration and change of address.

If a voter who registers or changes address during this grace period wishes to vote at the first election or primary occurring after the grace period, he or she must do so by grace period voting, either in person in the office of the election authority or at a location specifically designated for this purpose by the election authority, or by mail, at the discretion of the election authority. Grace period voting shall be in a manner substantially similar to voting under Article 19. A person who casts a grace period ballot shall not be permitted to revoke that ballot and vote another ballot with respect to that primary or election. Ballots cast by persons who register or change address during the grace period must be transmitted to and counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be transmitted to and counted at precinct polling places. The grace period ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

(Source: P.A. 93-1082, eff. 7-1-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name 2 3 and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of 4 election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a 5 loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against 6 7 the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee 8 or early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list 9 10 shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter 11 applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued an absentee or early 12 13 ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except 14 that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that 15 absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to 16 submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the 17 18 voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or 19 (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges 20 specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot. 21 22 All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the register of 23 24 voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall likewise 25 repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter 26 within the proximity of the voting booths, as above provided. One of the judges shall give the voter one, and only one of 27 28 each ballot to be voted at the election, on the back of which 29 ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such manner 30 that they may be seen when each such ballot is properly folded, 31 and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on the 32 register list. In election jurisdictions where those perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which 33 write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the election 34

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authority shall provide a space both above and below the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall endorse his or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter. At all elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at such election is not found on the register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully complied with such requirements of the law upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such election have been engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at such election without previous

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      registration.
         All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall
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      be in substantially the following form:
      State of Illinois,)
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                       ) ss.
      County of .....)
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      ..... Precinct ..... Ward
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          I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen
      of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that
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      within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at
      which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the ....
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      (military or naval) service of the United States; and I am
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      qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and
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      laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally
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      qualified voter of this precinct and ward except that I have,
     because of such service, been unable to register as a voter;
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      that I now reside at .... (insert street and number, if any) in
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      this precinct and ward; that I have maintained a legal
      residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this
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      State 30 days next preceding this election.
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                                         Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).
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                                                Judge of Election.
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         The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the
      affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such
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      precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially
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      the following form:
     State of Illinois,)
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                       ) ss.
      County of .....)
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      ..... Precinct
                          ..... Ward
         I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a
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resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at this election; that I am acquainted with (name of the applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily believe that he or she has maintained a legal residence therein 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

8 Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Judge of Election.

All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such.

18 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/18A-15)

Sec. 18A-15. Validating and counting provisional ballots.

(a) The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall complete the validation and counting of provisional ballots within 14 calendar days of the day of the election. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall have 7 calendar days from the completion of the validation and counting of provisional ballots to conduct its final canvass. The State Board of Elections shall complete within 31 calendar days of the election or sooner if all the returns are received, its final canvass of the vote for all public offices.

(b) If a county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that all of the following apply, then a provisional ballot is valid and shall be counted as a vote:

(1) The provisional voter cast the provisional ballot
in the correct precinct based on the address provided by
the provisional voter. The provisional voter's affidavit
shall serve as a change of address request by that voter
for registration purposes for the next ensuing election if
it bears an address different from that in the records of
the election authority;

- (2) The affidavit executed by the provisional voter pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5 contains, at a minimum, the provisional voter's first and last name, house number and street name, and signature or mark; and
- (3) the provisional voter is a registered voter based on information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners provided by or obtained from any of the following:
 - i. the provisional voter;
 - ii. an election judge;
 - iii. the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections;
 - iv. the records of the county clerk or board of
 election commissioners' database; or
 - v. the records of the Secretary of State.
- (c) With respect to subsection (b)(3) of this Section, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall investigate and record whether or not the specified information is available from each of the 5 identified sources. If the information is available from one or more of the identified sources, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall seek to obtain the information from each of those sources until satisfied, with information from at least one of those sources, that the provisional voter is registered and entitled to vote. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall use any information it obtains as the basis for determining the voter registration status of the

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provisional voter. If a conflict exists among the information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners as to the registration status of the provisional voter, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall make a determination based on the totality of the circumstances. In a case where the above information equally supports or opposes the registration status of the voter, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall decide in favor of the provisional voter as being duly registered to vote. If the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the county clerk's or board of election commissioners' voter registration database indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the statewide voter registration database shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, then the information found in the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the provisional voter's signature on his or her provisional ballot request varies from the signature on an otherwise valid registration application solely because of the substitution of initials for the first or middle name, the election authority may not reject the provisional ballot.

(d) In validating the registration status of a person casting a provisional ballot, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require a provisional voter to complete any form other than the affidavit executed by the provisional voter under subsection (b) (2) of Section 18A-5. In

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addition, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require all provisional voters or any particular class or group of provisional voters to appear personally before the county clerk or board of election commissioners or as a matter of policy require provisional voters to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information already submitted by the provisional voter. The provisional voter may, within 2 calendar days after election, submit additional information to the county clerk or board of election commissioners. This information must be received by the county clerk or board of election commissioners within the 2-calendar-day period.

- (e) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) does not apply, then the provisional ballot is not valid and may not be counted. The provisional ballot envelope containing the ballot cast by the provisional voter may not be opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall write on the provisional ballot envelope the following: "Provisional ballot determined invalid.".
- (f) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that a provisional ballot is valid under this Section, then the provisional ballot envelope shall be opened. The outside of each provisional ballot envelope shall also be marked to identify the precinct and the date of the election.
- (g) Provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be counted in precincts. The provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts from which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners may, in the alternative, create a -provisional-voter precinct for the purpose counting and recording provisional ballots and adding the

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recorded votes to its official canvass. The validation and counting of provisional ballots shall be subject to the provisions of this Code that apply to pollwatchers. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of a punch card voting system, then the provisional ballot shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24A. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of optical scan or other type of approved electronic voting system, then the provisional ballots shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24B.

(h) As soon as the ballots have been counted, the election judges or election officials shall, in the presence of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, place each of the following items in a separate envelope or bag: (1) all provisional ballots, voted or spoiled; (2) all provisional ballot envelopes of provisional ballots voted or spoiled; and (3) all executed affidavits of the provisional ballots voted or spoiled. All provisional ballot envelopes for provisional voters who have been determined not to be registered to vote shall remain sealed. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall treat the provisional ballot envelope containing the written affidavit as a voter registration application for that person for the next election and process that application. The election judges or election officials shall then securely seal each envelope or bag, initial the envelope or bag, and plainly mark on the outside of the envelope or bag in ink the precinct in which the provisional ballots were cast. The election judges or election officials shall then place each sealed envelope or bag into a box, secure and seal it in the same manner as described in item (6) of subsection (b) of Section 18A-5. Each election judge or election official shall take and subscribe an oath before the county clerk or board of election commissioners that the election judge or election official securely kept the ballots and papers in the box, did not permit any person to open the

- 1 box or otherwise touch or tamper with the ballots and papers in
- 2 the box, and has no knowledge of any other person opening the
- 3 box. For purposes of this Section, the term "election official"
- 4 means the county clerk, a member of the board of election
- 5 commissioners, as the case may be, and their respective
- 6 employees.

- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.1)

Sec. 19-2.1. At the consolidated primary, general primary, consolidated, and general elections, electors entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of Section 19-1 may vote in person at the office of the municipal clerk, if the elector is a resident of a municipality not having a board of election commissioners, or at the office of the township clerk or, in counties not under township organization, at the office of the road district clerk if the elector is not a resident of a municipality; provided, in each case that the municipal, township or road district clerk, as the case may be, is authorized to conduct in-person absentee voting pursuant to this Section. Absentee voting in such municipal and township clerk's offices under this Section shall be conducted from the 22nd day through the day before the election.

Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have regularly scheduled working hours at regularly designated offices other than a place of residence and whose offices are open for business during the same hours as the office of the election authority shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled working hours but who have regularly designated offices other than a place of residence shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on

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Saturdays, but not during such hours as the office of the election authority is closed, unless the clerk files a written waiver with the election authority not later than July 1 of each year stating that he or she is unable to conduct such voting and the reasons therefor. Such clerks who conduct in-person absentee voting may extend their hours for that purpose to include any hours in which the election authority's office is open. Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled office hours and no regularly designated offices other than a place of residence may not conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. The election authority may devise alternative methods for in-person absentee voting before said elections for those precincts located within the territorial area of a municipality or township (or road district) wherein the clerk of such municipality or township (or road district) has waived or is not entitled to conduct such voting. In addition, electors may vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of Section 19-1 at the office of the election authority having jurisdiction over their residence. Unless specifically authorized by the election authority, municipal, township, and road district clerks shall not conduct in-person absentee voting. The election authority shall notify the municipal, township, and road district clerks within its jurisdiction that they are not to conduct in-person absentee voting no less than 45 days before the date of any such election. Election authorities, however, may conduct in-person absentee voting in one or more designated appropriate public buildings from the fourth day before the election through the day before the election.

In conducting absentee voting under this Section, respective clerks shall not be required to verify the signature of the absentee voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration record card. However, the clerk shall reasonably ascertain the identity of such applicant, shall

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verify that each such applicant is a registered voter, and shall verify the precinct in which he or she is registered and the proper ballots of the political subdivisions in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote, prior to providing any absentee ballot to such applicant. The clerk shall verify the applicant's registration and from the most recent poll list provided by the county clerk, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list then by telephoning the office of the county clerk.

Absentee voting procedures in the office of the municipal, township and road district clerks shall be subject to all of the applicable provisions of this Article 19. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe in-person absentee voting procedures and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, at the office of the municipal, township or road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, except each candidate, political party or organization of citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois and possess valid pollwatcher credentials. All requirements in this Article applicable to election authorities shall apply to the respective local clerks, except where inconsistent with this Section.

The sealed absentee ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the respective clerks, or by the election authority on behalf of a clerk if the clerk and the election authority agree, to the <u>election authority's central ballot counting location proper polling place</u> before the close of the polls on the day of the general primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election.

Not more than 23 days before the nonpartisan, general and

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consolidated elections, the county clerk shall make available municipal, township and road district clerks those conducting in-person absentee voting within such county, a sufficient number of applications, absentee ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for use by absentee voters in the offices of such clerks. The respective clerks shall receipt for all ballots received, shall return all unused or spoiled ballots to the county clerk on the day of the election and shall strictly account for all ballots received.

The ballots delivered to the respective clerks shall include absentee ballots for each precinct in the municipality, township or road district, or shall include such separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum on that election day as will permit any resident of the municipality, township or road district to vote absentee in the office of the proper clerk.

The clerks of all municipalities, townships and road districts may distribute applications for absentee ballot for the use of voters who wish to mail such applications to the appropriate election authority. Such applications for absentee ballots shall be made on forms provided by the election authority. Duplication of such forms by the municipal, township or road district clerk is prohibited.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 24

(10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)

Sec. 19-8. Time and place of counting ballots.

(a) (Blank.) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority in time to be delivered to the polling place of the precinct where the elector resides and to be counted by the judges of election at that polling place shall be handled in accordance with this subsection. an absent voter's ballot is received prior to the delivery of

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the official ballots to the judges of election of the precinct where the elector resides, then the absent voter's ballot envelope and application, sealed in the carrier envelope, shall enclosed in the same package with the official ballots and delivered to the judges of that precinct. If the official ballots for that precinct have already been delivered to the judges of election when the election authority receives the absent voter's ballot, then the authority shall immediately enclose the envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with the voter's application, in a larger or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and addressed on face to the judges of election, giving the name or number of precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in which the absent voter is a qualified elector, and the words "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and must be opened only on election day at the polls immediately after the polls are closed". The election authority shall mail the ballot, postage prepaid, to the judges of election, or if more convenient, the election authority may deliver voter's ballot to the judges of election in person or by duly deputized agent, the authority to secure a receipt for delivery of the ballot or ballots. An absent voter's ballot delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling place shall be returned to the election authority and counted as provided in subsection (b).

(b) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority before the closing of the polls on election day but too late to be delivered to and counted at the proper precinct polling place shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in the central ballot counting <u>location</u> of the election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m.

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- (c) Each absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location office of the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots.
- write-in absentee voter's blank Special ballots (d)returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by the election authority at any time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location office of the election authority during the same period provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (b). Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location office of the election authority during the same periods provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (c).
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on an election day shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving them with the day and hour of receipt and

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- shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the 1 period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at 2 the election, and shall then, without being opened, be 3 4 destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
 - (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. The counting shall continue until all absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots required to be counted on election day have been counted.
 - (g) The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section, including comparing the signature on the ballot envelope with the signature of the voter on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file; except that votes shall be recorded without regard to precinct designation, except for precinct offices. The ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.
 - (h) Each Where ballots are counted in the office of the election authority as provided in this Section, each political party, candidate, and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned.
- (Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05.) 27
- 28 (10 ILCS 5/19A-25.5)
- Sec. 19A-25.5. Voting machines, automatic tabulating 29 30 equipment, and precinct tabulation optical scan technology 31 voting equipment.
- 32 (a) In all jurisdictions in which voting machines are used, the provisions of this Code that are not inconsistent with this 33

- Article relating to the furnishing of ballot boxes, printing and furnishing ballots and supplies, the canvassing of ballots, and the making of returns, apply with full force and effect to the extent necessary to make this Article effective, provided that the number of ballots to be printed shall be in the discretion of the election authority, and provided further that early ballots shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.
 - (b) If the election authority has adopted the use of automatic tabulating equipment under Article 24A of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the provisions of Article 24A shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall be counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.
 - (c) If the election authority has adopted the use of precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment under Article 24B of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the provisions of Article 24B shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall be counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.
 - (d) If the election authority has adopted the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the provisions of Article 24C shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall be counted at the

- 1 election authority's central ballot counting location and
- 2 shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on
- 3 election day.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/19A-35)
- 6 Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.
- 7 (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of early voting, the county clerk shall make available to the election authority 8 9 conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient 10 number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election 11 authority shall receipt for all ballots received and shall 12 13 return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early 14 voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election 15 authority must include early ballots for each precinct in the 16 17 election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate 18 ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election 19 of officers or a referendum at that election.
- 20 (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is not required to verify the 21 signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature 22 23 on the official registration card, and however, the judge or 24 official must verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) 25 that the applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots 26 27 of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and 28 is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the 29 applicant. The applicant's identity must be verified by the 30 applicant's presentation of an Illinois driver's license, a non-driver 31 identification card issued by the Illinois 32 Secretary of State, or another government-issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. 33

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The election judge or official must verify the applicant's 1 2 registration from the most recent poll list provided by the 3 election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that

4 poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.

(b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if the person submits that absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot.

(b-10) Within one business day after a voter casts an early voting ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, ward and precinct number or township and district number, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.

(b-15) This subsection applies to early voting polling places using optical scan technology voting equipment subject to Article 24B. A voter whose early voting ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The voter's ballot that was not accepted shall be initialed by the election judge or official conducting the early voting and handled as provided in Article 24B.

(c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the central ballot counting location proper polling place before the close of the polls on the day of the election.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 34

1 (10 ILCS 5/19A-50)

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Sec. 19A-50. Receipt of ballots. Upon receipt of the voter's ballot, the election judge or official shall enclose the unopened ballot in a large or carrier envelope that shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of the election judge or official and the words, "This envelope contains a ballot and must be opened on election day", together with the number and description of the precinct in which the ballot is to be voted, and the election authority shall safely keep the envelope in its office until delivered to the <u>central ballot counting location</u> judges of election as provided in Section 19A-35. The ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/20-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-8)

Sec. 20-8. Time and place of counting ballots.

(a) (Blank.) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by that election authority in time to be delivered to the polling place of the precinct where the absent voter is a qualified elector and to be counted by the judges of election of that polling place shall be handled in accordance with this subsection. If the ballot is received by the election authority prior to the delivery of the official ballots to the judges of election of the precinct where the absent voter is a qualified elector, then the absent voter's ballot envelope and application, sealed in the carrier envelope, shall be enclosed in the same package with the official ballots and delivered to the judges of that precinct. If the official ballots for the precinct have already been delivered to the judges of election when the election authority receives the absent voter's ballot,

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then the election authority shall immediately enclose the envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with the voter's application, in a larger or carrier envelope which securely sealed and addressed on the judges of election, giving the name or number of precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in which the absent voter is a qualified elector, and the words, "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and must be opened only on election day at the polls immediately after the polls are closed". The election authority shall mail the ballot, postage prepaid, to the judges of election, or if convenient then the election authority may deliver the absent voter's ballot to the judges of election in person or by duly deputized agent and secure a receipt for delivery of the ballot or ballots. An absent voter's ballot delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling place shall be returned to the election authority and counted as provided in subsection (b).

- (b) Each absent voter's ballot returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, received by that election authority before the closing of the polls on election day but too late to be delivered to and counted at the proper precinct polling place shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in the central ballot counting location office of the election authority on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m.
- (c) Each absent voter's ballot that is mailed to an election authority and postmarked by the midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that is received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the close of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location office of

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the election authority during the period for counting provisional ballots.

- Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots (d) returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by this Article, and received by the election authority at any time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting location office of the election authority during the same period provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (b). Special write-in absentee voter's blank ballot that are mailed to an election authority and postmarked by midnight preceding the opening of the polls on election day, but that are received by the election authority after the polls close on election day and before the closing of the period for counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting <u>location</u> of the election authority during the same periods provided for counting absent voters' ballots under subsection (c).
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, absent voters' ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots received by the election authority after the closing of the polls on the day of election shall be endorsed by the person receiving the ballots with the day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election authority for the period of time required for the preservation of ballots used at the election, and shall then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that election.
- (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by

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- law. The counting shall continue until all absent voters' 1 ballots and special write-in absentee voter's blank ballots 2 3 required to be counted on election day have been counted.
 - (g) The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and Articles 17 and 18 of this Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section; except that votes shall be recorded without regard to precinct designation. The ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.
 - (h) Each Where ballots are counted in the office election authority as provided in this Section, each political party, candidate, and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned.
- (Source: P.A. 94-557, eff. 8-12-05.) 16
- 17 (10 ILCS 5/24A-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-10)
- 18 Sec. 24A-10. (1) In an election jurisdiction which has 19 adopted an electronic voting system, the election official in 20 charge of the election shall select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving, counting, tallying, and return of the 21 22 ballots:
- (a) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling 23 24 place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast 25 on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on paper ballots, including absentee paper 26 27 and early paper ballots and any other paper ballots required to 28 be voted other than on the electronic voting system. Ballots $_{m{ au}}$ except absentee and early ballots for candidates 29 30 propositions which are listed on the electronic voting system, 31 deposited in the second ballot box shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," 32 as amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots. 33

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Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9 of "The Election Code," as amended, are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box provided therefor; those entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election deposited therein. Those not entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election shall then open the second ballot box and examine all paper absentee and early ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the absentee and early ballots bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any absentee or early ballot is not so initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective," initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under such word "Defective," and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope." The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall examine paper absentee and early ballots which were in such ballot box and properly initialed so as to determine whether the same contain write in votes. Write in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for such record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper or early absentee ballot "Objected To" on the back thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that

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particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee or early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee or early ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots or ballot cards and shall place them in the first ballot box provided for return of the ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots."

-soon as the absentee and early ballots have been deposited in the first ballot box, the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who voted in the precinct at the election. Such slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock each the first ballot box; provided, that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such

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purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in such manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign such seal. Thereupon two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall forthwith and by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the two precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, such team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together so as to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots so folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to such excess.

Such excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the two precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine the remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in vote; or

(b) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast,

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shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the 1 2 electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and 3 returned as elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," as 4 amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of "The Election Code," as amended, and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9. The precinct judges of election then shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of "The Election Code." The judges of election shall then examine all paper absentee and early ballots, ballot cards and ballot card envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the paper ballots, ballot cards and ballot card envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any paper ballot, ballot card or ballot card envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective," initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under such word "Defective," and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope." The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of

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each of the two major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in the ballot box and properly initialed so as to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for such record. A write in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the ck thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct as to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots or ballot cards, and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots with Ballots."

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all other ballots or ballot cards to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate"

When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, before separating the remaining ballot cards from their respective covering envelopes, the judges of election shall examine the ballot card envelopes for write-in votes. When the voter has voted a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot card to determine whether such write-in results in an overvote for any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot card and envelope upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballot cards and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. Envelopes bearing write-in votes marked in the place designated therefor and bearing the initials of a precinct judge of election and not resulting in an overvote and otherwise complying with the election laws as to marking shall

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be counted, tallied, and their votes recorded on a tally sheet provided by the election official in charge of the election. The ballot cards and ballot card envelopes shall be separated and all except any defective or overvoted shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots., along with all "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballots", and "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots." The judges of election shall examine the ballots and ballot cards to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot or ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct. The original ballot or ballot card and envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot or ballot card so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot," and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot or ballot cards, and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Damaged Ballot" ballots or ballot cards and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person, number of absentee votes deposited in the ballot box, and the total number of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in this box. The judges of election thereupon immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other

suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the 1 2 election official in charge of the election; provided that if 3 such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such 4 box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such 5 purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal 6 7 label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct 8 shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed 9 10 with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such 11 tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to 12 13 the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without 14 breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the 15 judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different major political parties, forthwith shall by the most direct 16 17 route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed 18 ballots and returns to the central counting location designated 19 by the election official in charge of the election. If, 20 however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at 21 the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling 22 23 places to be delivered directly to the central counting 24 location, the election official in charge of the election may 25 designate some other location to which the boxes shall be 26 delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or 27 28 more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 29 two major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations 30 31 by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as 32 possible, the boxes shall be transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, 33 each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major 34

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political parties, designated for such purpose by the election 1 official in charge of elections from recommendations by the 2 3 appropriate political party organizations.

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end thereof of each signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots determine that all seals are intact, and thereupon shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots or ballot cards and deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges; or

(c) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls the judges of election shall examine the absentee and early ballots received by the precinct judges of election from the election authority of voters in that precinct to determine that they comply with the provisions of Sections 19 9, 19A 55, 20 8, and 20 9 of the Election Code, as amended, and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box, in accordance with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, and 20-9 of the Election Code, as amended, shall be marked "Rejected" and preserved in the manner provided in The Election Code for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election. Immediately upon the

completion of the absentee and early balloting, the precinct 1 judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided 2 3 that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, 4 such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such 5 purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal 6 7 label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct 8 shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed 9 with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such 10 11 tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to 12 13 the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without 14 breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the 15 judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different 16 major political parties, shall forthwith by the most direct 17 route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed 18 absentee and early ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the 19 20 election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for some other 21 reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from 22 23 all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central 24 counting location, the election official in charge of the 25 election may designate some other location to which the boxes 26 shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of 27 28 one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of 29 the two major political parties, designated for such purpose by 30 the election official in charge of elections from 31 recommendations by the appropriate political 32 organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall 33 transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 34

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from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or more teams of tally judges who possess the same qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of such teams shall be determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot and for absentee and early ballot; and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of the Election Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets which are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all tally judges immediately under such word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the absentee and early ballot eet, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded by the central counting location judges on the

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tally sheet provided for such record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the tally judges shall mark such absentee ballot sheet "Objected To" on the back thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(2) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection (1) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots, properly signed and sealed as provided herein, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (1) of this Section until the judges transporting the same make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the same shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in the event such ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

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1 (10 ILCS 5/24A-10.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-10.1)

24A-10.1. In an election jurisdiction in-precinct counting equipment is utilized, the following procedures for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election authority shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Act and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9.

The precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box and count the number of ballots therein to determine if such number agrees with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot or, if the same do not agree, the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Act. The judges of election shall then examine all ballot cards and ballot card envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballot cards and ballot card envelopes contain the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot card or ballot card envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective" and not counted. The judges of election shall place an initialed blank official ballot card in the place of the defective ballot card, so that the count of the ballot cards to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment will be the same, and each "Defective Ballot" card and "Replacement" card shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the

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1 judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing

2 consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct.

3 The original "Defective" card shall be placed in the "Defective

Ballot Envelope" provided for that purpose.

When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, before separating the remaining ballot cards from their respective covering envelopes, the judges of election shall examine the ballot card envelopes for write-in votes. When the voter has cast a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot card to determine whether such write-in results in an overvote for any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter, except for the office overvoted, to a duplicate card. The original ballot card and envelope upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each such "Overvoted Ballot" as well as its "Replacement" shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The "Overvoted Ballot" card and ballot envelope shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballot" envelope, and the judges of election shall initial the "Replacement" ballot cards and shall place them with the other ballot cards to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment. Envelopes containing write-in votes marked in the place designated therefor and containing the initials of a precinct judge of election and not resulting in an overvote and otherwise complying with the election laws as to marking shall

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be counted and tallied and their votes recorded on a tally
sheet provided by the election authority.

The ballot cards and ballot card envelopes shall be separated in preparation for counting by the automatic tabulating equipment provided for that purpose by the election authority.

Before the ballots are entered into the tabulating equipment, a precinct identification card provided by the election authority shall be entered into the device to ensure that the totals are all zeroes in the count column on the printing unit. A precinct judge of election shall then count the ballots by entering each ballot card into the automatic tabulating equipment, and if any ballot or ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct. The original ballot or ballot card and envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot or ballot card so produced shall be clearly labeled "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of commencing with number 1 election, and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot or ballot cards and shall enter the duplicate damaged cards into the automatic tabulating equipment. The "Damaged Ballot" cards shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope; after all ballot cards have been successfully read, the judges of election shall check to make certain that the last number printed by the printing unit is the same as the number of voters making application for ballot in that

precinct. The number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; 4 sets shall be attached to the 4 sets of "Certificate of Results" provided by the election authority; one set shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a set for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place to observe the counting of ballots; but in no case shall the number of sets to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. In addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy information from the set which has been posted.

The judges of election shall count all unused ballot cards and enter the number on the "Statement of Ballots". All "Spoiled", "Defective" and "Duplicated" ballot cards shall be counted and the number entered on the "Statement of Ballots".

The precinct judges of election shall select a bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other election materials as instructed by the election authority; provided, however, that such container must first be sealed by the election judges with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the container lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, in such manner that the ballots cannot be removed from such container without breaking the seal and filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container. The election authority shall keep the office of the election authority, or any receiving stations designated by such authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close or until the ballots from all precincts with in-precinct counting equipment within the jurisdiction of the

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election authority have been returned to the election authority. Ballots returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges returning the same make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by the election authority, the judges returning the same shall take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of such return. The election judges whose duty it is to return any ballots as herein provided shall, in the event such ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(10 ILCS 5/24B-10)

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

Sec. 24B-10. Receiving, Counting, Tallying and Return of Ballots; Acceptance of Ballots by Election Authority.

- In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system, the election official in charge of the election shall select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving, counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:
- (1) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on other ballots, including absentee paper and early paper ballots and any other paper ballots required to be voted other than on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system. Ballots, except absentee and early ballots candidates and propositions which are listed on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system, deposited in the second ballot box shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere provided in

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this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that the ballots comply with Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9 of this Code and are entitled to be inserted into the counting equipment and deposited into the ballot box provided; those entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited. Those not entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election shall then open the second ballot box and examine all paper absentee and early ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the absentee or early ballots bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any absentee or early ballot is not so initialed, it shall be marked on back "Defective", initialed as to the label by judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". The of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in such ballot box and properly initialed to determine whether the same contain write in votes. Write in votes, causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that but the precinct judges shall mark such paper absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the back and

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write on its back the manner in which the ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular counting, tallying and write in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting used in the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent marking device or equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee ballot shall clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the first ballot box provided for return of the ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots".

As soon as the absentee and early ballots have been deposited in the first ballot box, the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who

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voted in the precinct at the election. The slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock each the first ballot box; provided, that if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose that shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in a manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign the seal. Two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the 2 precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, the team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to the excess.

The excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the 2 precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots

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Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine the remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in vote.

(2) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9. The precinct judges of election then shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot, or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The judges of election shall then examine all paper absentee and early ballots and

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ballot envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballots and ballot envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot or ballot initialed, it shall be marked on the "Defective", initialed as to the label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". The judges election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall the paper absentee and early ballots which were the ballot box and properly initialed to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write in vote causing for an office shall not be counted for precinct judges shall mark the absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the back and write on its back the manner the ballot is counted and An overvote for one office invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at

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that election. The original paper absentee or early ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot so produced Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate the case may be, and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges commencing with number 1 and continuing for the ballots of that kind precinct. The judges of election shall initial "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" and shall place them in the box for ballots with all other ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee ballots shall be placed provided for that purpose labeled Ballots".

In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on the ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicate Ballots"

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envelope. The ballots except any defective or overvoted ballot shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots, along with all "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballots", and "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots". The judges of election shall examine the ballots to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct. The original ballot and ballot envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of with number election, commencing 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Damaged Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person, number of absentee and early votes deposited in the ballot box, and the total number of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in this box. The judges of election immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the election official in charge of the election; provided that

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if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If, however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties,

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designated for the purpose by the election official in of elections from recommendations charge by the appropriate political party organizations.

"Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end of each envelope signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots and deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(3) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls, the judges of election shall examine the absentee and early ballots received by the precinct judges of election from the election authority of voters in that precinct to determine that they comply with the provisions of Sections 19 9, 19A 55, 20 8, and 20 9 of this Code and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges and deposited in ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box, in accordance with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, 20-9 of this Code shall be marked "Rejected" and preserved in the manner provided in this Code for the

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retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election. Immediately upon the completion of the absentee and early balloting, the precinct judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in a manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not removed without breaking the filament tape disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed absentee and early ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for some other reason, impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate

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political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or more teams of tally judges who possess qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of the teams shall be determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot and for absentee and early ballot; and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets that are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to that label by all tally judges immediately under the word "Defective",

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and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". purpose office not causing an overvote voted for on the absentee or early ballot sheet, otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied, and recorded by the central counting location judges on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the tally judges shall mark the absentee or early ballot sheet "Objected To" and write the manner in ballot is counted on its back and initial sheet. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count for that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians operating the automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(b) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection (a) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots properly signed and sealed, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (a) of this Section until the judges transporting the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the

- 1 ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election official in
- 2 charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of
- 3 acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport
- 4 any ballots shall, in the event the ballots cannot be found
- 5 when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they
- 6 are to take as above provided.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/24B-10.1)

- 9 Sec. 24B-10.1. In-Precinct Counting Equipment; Procedures
- 10 for Counting and Tallying Ballots. In an election jurisdiction
- 11 where Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology counting
- 12 equipment is used, the following procedures for counting and
- 13 tallying the ballots shall apply:
- Before the opening of the polls, and before the ballots are
- 15 entered into the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of
- 16 election shall be sure that the totals are all zeros in the
- 17 counting column. Ballots may then be counted by entering or
- 18 scanning each ballot into the automatic tabulating equipment.
- 19 Throughout the election day and before the closing of the
- 20 polls, no person may check any vote totals for any candidate or
- 21 proposition on the automatic tabulating equipment. Such
- 23 person may reset the equipment for refeeding of ballots unless

automatic tabulating equipment shall be programmed so that no

- 24 provided a code from an authorized representative of the
- 25 election authority. At the option of the election authority,
- 26 the ballots may be fed into the Precinct Tabulation Optical
- 27 Scan Technology equipment by the voters under the direct
- supervision of the judges of elections.
- Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee or
- 30 early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by
- 31 the election authority shall be examined to determine that the
- 32 ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of this
- 33 Code and are entitled to be scanned by the Precinct Tabulation

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Optical Scan Technology equipment and then deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be scanned and deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges election and then scanned and deposited in Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19 9, 19A 55, and 20 9.

The precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box and count the number of ballots to determine if the number agrees with the number of voters voting as shown on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment and by the applications for ballot or, if the same do not agree, the judges of election shall make the ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The judges of election shall then examine all ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballots contain the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all immediately under the word "Defective" and not counted. The judges of election shall place an initialed blank official ballot in the place of the defective ballot, so that the count of the ballots to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment will be the same, and each "Defective Ballot" and "Replacement" ballot shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The original "Defective" ballot shall be placed in the "Defective Ballot Envelope" provided for that purpose.

If the judges of election have removed a ballot pursuant to Section 17-18, have labeled "Defective" a ballot which is not initialed, or have otherwise determined under this Code to not count a ballot originally deposited into a ballot box, the

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judges of election shall be sure that the totals on the automatic tabulating equipment are reset to all zeros in the counting column. Thereafter the judges of election shall enter or otherwise scan each ballot to be counted in the automatic tabulating equipment. Resetting the automatic tabulating equipment to all zeros and re-entering of ballots to be counted may occur at the precinct polling place, the office of the election authority, or any receiving station designated by the election authority. The election authority shall designate the place for resetting and re-entering or re-scanning.

When Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology а electronic voting system is used which uses a paper ballot, the judges of election shall examine the ballot for write-in votes. When the voter has cast a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot to determine whether the write-in results in an overvote for any office, unless the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment has already done so. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter, except for the office overvoted, to a duplicate ballot. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each such "Overvoted Ballot" as well as its "Replacement" shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The "Overvoted Ballot" shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballot" envelope, and the judges of election shall initial the "Replacement" ballots and

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shall place them with the other ballots to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment.

If any ballot is damaged or defective, or if any ballot contains a Voting Defect, so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the voter or the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct, or equivalent. If a damaged ballot, the original ballot shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be clearly labeled "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall enter or otherwise scan the duplicate damaged ballot into the automatic tabulating equipment. The "Damaged Ballots" shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope; after all ballots have been successfully read, the judges of election shall check to make certain that the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment readout agrees with the number of voters making application for ballot in that precinct. The number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be generated by the automatic tabulating equipment; one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place to observe the

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counting of ballots; but in no case shall the number of copies to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. In addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy information from the copy which has been posted.

The judges of election shall count all unused ballots and enter the number on the "Statement of Ballots". All "Spoiled", "Defective" and "Duplicated" ballots shall be counted and the number entered on the "Statement of Ballots".

The precinct judges of election shall select a bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other election materials as instructed by the election authority; provided, however, that such container must first be sealed by the election judges with filament tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the container lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from the container without breaking the seal and filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container, or which other approved sealing devices are affixed in a manner approved by the election authority. The election authority shall keep the office of the election authority or any receiving stations designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close or until the ballots from all precincts with in-precinct counting equipment within the jurisdiction of the election authority have been returned to the election authority. Ballots returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges returning the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by the election authority, the judges returning the ballots shall

- take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped 1
- with the time and date of the return. The election judges whose 2
- 3 duty it is to return any ballots as provided shall, in the
- 4 event the ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper
- 5 request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above
- provided. The precinct judges of election shall also deliver 6
- 7 the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment to
- 8 the election authority.
- (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.) 9
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/24C-13)
- Sec. 24C-13. Absentee ballots; Early voting ballots; 11
- Proceedings at Location for Central Counting; Employees; 12
- 13 Approval of List.

24

- 14 (a) All jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic
- 15 Voting Systems shall use paper ballots or paper ballot sheets
- approved for use under Articles 16, 24A or 24B of this Code 16
- 17 when conducting absentee voting except that Direct Recording
- 18 Electronic Voting Systems may be used for in-person absentee
- 19 voting conducted pursuant to Section 19-2.1 of this Code. All
- 20 absentee ballots shall be counted at the <u>central ballot</u>
- provisions of Section 24A-9, 24B-9 and 24C-9 of this Code shall 22

counting location of the election authority. The

tabulation equipment, including comparing the signature on the

- 23 apply to the testing and notice requirements for central count
- 25 ballot envelope with the signature of the voter on the
- 26 permanent voter registration record card taken from the master
- 27 file. Absentee ballots other than absentee ballots voted in
- person pursuant to Section 19-2.1 of this Code shall be 28
- examined and processed pursuant to Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of 29
- 30 this Code. Vote results shall be recorded by precinct and shall
- 31 be added to the vote results for the precinct in which the
- 32 absent voter was eligible to vote prior to completion of the
- official canvass. 33

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(a-5) Early voting ballots cast in accordance with Article 19A shall be counted in precincts as provided in that Article. Early votes cast through the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System devices shall be counted using the procedures of this Article. Early votes cast by a method other than the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System devices shall be counted using the procedures of this Code for that method.
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(b) All proceedings at the location for central counting shall be under the direction of the county clerk or board of election commissioners. Except for any specially trained technicians required for the operation of the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System, the employees at the counting station shall be equally divided between members of the 2 leading political parties and all duties performed by the employees shall be by teams consisting of an equal number of members of each political party. Thirty days before an election the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall submit to the chairman of each political party, for his or her approval or disapproval, a list of persons of his or her party proposed to be employed. If a chairman fails to notify the election authority of his or her disapproval of any proposed employee within a period of 10 days thereafter the list shall be deemed approved.

24 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

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25 (10 ILCS 5/19-9 rep.)
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- 26 (10 ILCS 5/19A-55 rep.)
- 27 (10 ILCS 5/20-9 rep.)
- Section 10. The Election Code is amended by repealing Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9.
- 30 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 31 becoming law.".